

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF DRAVIDIAN LINGUISTICS Reg. No. 22651/72 ISSN No. 0378-2484

VOLUME XLV NUMBER 1	JANUARY 2016
Pabitra Sarkar	Development of Modern Linguistics:
M. Ganesan	A Computational Grammar of Tamil 9
B.S. Khaira	The Forest of Symbols 30
Priyanka Dey	Stylistics and Language (English as L2) 49 Teaching – A Rhetoric-based Approach
Rajkumari Rajbala & Ch. Yashawanta Singh	Neologisms in Manipuri 72
Nairrita Bhattacharya & Lopamudra Choudhury	Use of Modality in Concept Formation: 84 A Study on the Visually Challenged
G. Palanirajan	The Structure of Postpositions in
Shashikanta Tarai	Strategies of Loan Word Adaptation and 105 Adoption across Languages
Notes & Discussions	
K. Ravindran	Ming China Contacts with Calicut:
Sanjukta Ghosh	Language and Gender in the Discourse 155 of Indian TV Advertisements
N.P. Sudharshana	The Language of Space in Kannada: 167 Encoding Motion Event Constituents
Review	
Krishna Bhattacharya	Studies on Bangla from a Broader Perspective 178 (G.K. Panikkar, Syamala Sasidharan & Sourav Chakraborty)
Thennarasu Sakan	Studies on Bangla and Dravidian

DRAVIDIAN LINGUISTICS ASSOCIATION
V.I. SUBRAMONIAM MEMORIAL ISDL COMPLEX
ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE P.O., THIRUVANANTHAPURAM - 695 586
KERALA, SOUTH INDIA

THE STRUCTURE OF POSTPOSITIONS IN MODERN TAMIL

G. PALANIRAJAN

Central University of Kerala

Abstract

The use of postpositions as an extension or alternative mode of case marking is prevalent since early times. Some of the traditional grammarians of Tamil have noticed this fact. However, the recognition of postposition as a distinct grammatical category started only with the European missionary grammarians who worked on Tamil grammar and the study gained momentum during the latter part of the twentieth century when a few linguists attempted for a detailed analysis of postpositions. In the above light, an attempt is made in this article to examine the post positions of Modern Tamil.

(Keywords: argument, case system, adposition, postposition, Grammaticalization, inflectional markers).

Introduction

In Tamil the case system is found to be rich with both the inflectional marking and use of postpositions. There are two layers of case marking elements in Tamil namely, inflectional case and postpositions. In modern written Tamil, -ai, -āl, -ōtu, -ku, -atu and -il constitute the inflectional case system and they respectively denote accusative, instrumental, associative, dative, genitive and locative functions. Nominative does not involve inflection and the noun or pronoun is used as such in its original